Educational Attainment for Adults 25 Years Old and Over, by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2006-2010

	Less than High School Diploma, GED, or Equivalent		
	Single Year Estimated n	%	
Maine Total	95,195	10.2	
US	NA	15.0	
County			
Androscoggin	9,956	13.6	
Aroostook	8,361	16.1	
Cumberland	13,056	6.7	
Franklin	2,558	12.3	
Hancock	3,560	9.0	
Kennebec	8,281	9.7	
Knox	3,049	10.3	
Lincoln	1,955	7.6	
Oxford	5,134	12.5	
Penobscot	10,705	10.5	
Piscataquis	1,523	11.7	
Sagadahoc	2,094	8.2	
Somerset	4,973	13.4	
Waldo	2,729	10.0	
Washington	3,534	14.8	
York	13,727	9.9	
Public Health District			
Aroostook	8,361	16.1	
Central	13,254	10.9	
Cumberland	13,056	6.7	
Downeast	7,094	11.2	
Midcoast	9,827	9.1	
Penquis	12,228	10.6	
Western	17,648	13.1	
York	13,727	9.9	

^{*} Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables B15001, B17003, and C15002A-C15002I (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/20/12).

NA: not available

Educational Attainment for Adults 25 Years Old and Over, by Demographics, Maine, 2006-2010

	Less than High School Diplon	na, GED, or Equivalent
	Single Year Estimated n	%
Maine Total	95,195	10.2
Sex		
Male	50,812	11.4
Female	44,383	9.2
Age		
25-34	8,724	6.1
35-44	11,548	6.3
45-64	30,130	7.5
65+	44,793	22.0
Race		
White Alone	89,705	10.0
Black or African American Alone	904	15.7
American Indian or Alaska Native Alone	973	22.4
Asian Alone	1,236	15.5
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone	92	30.5
Some Other Race Alone	684	30.1
Two or More Races	1,601	19.0
Ethnicity		
White Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino	89,084	10.0
Hispanic or Latino	1,451	18.1
Poverty Status*		
Below Federal Poverty Level	23,010	25.0
At or Above Federal Poverty Level	68,572	8.3

^{*} Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables B15001, B17003, and C15002A-C15002I (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/20/12).

Educational Attainment by Year, Adults 25 Years Old and Over, Maine, 2005-2010

	a, GED, or Equivalent	
Year	Single Year Estimated n	%
2005	99,044	11.0
2006	103,947	11.3
2007	97,471	10.6
2008	95,454	10.3
2009	90,677	9.8
2010	90,787	9.7

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response. Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: B15001, Tables B15001, B17003, and C15002A-C15002I (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/20/12).

Homelessness in Maine 2012

The homeless population in Maine is, by its nature, very difficult to measure. Homeless people do not have permanent residences and often times do not have phones, making it difficult to conduct a survey. There are a few methods currently used to count homeless people, but none is perfect. At best, we have a snapshot of various homeless subpopulations, with very little reliable demographic information.

Figure: 957 people

Source: 2011 Point in Time Survey, conducted by Maine Housing

Overview: Count of those who were in homeless shelter or unsheltered. The survey was conducted on one night in January. There is some demographic information however, because the sample is not representative of all homeless people (and arguably even those who stay in emergency shelters) it's not clear how useful this is. Trend data is available.

Figure: 7,725 people

Source: 2011 Yearly Maine Housing Emergency Shelter Counts

Overview: This figure represents a count of all persons utilizing emergency shelters and domestic violence shelters over the entire year. There is no demographic information available. Trend data is available.

Figure: 2,379 people

Source: HUD 2010 Homeless Assessment Report

Overview: A compilation of the 2010 Maine Point in Time Survey data (described above), as well as other data from various Homeless Management Information Systems. The HMIS-based data in the sample includes information on all persons who used an emergency shelter, transitional housing, or permanent supportive housing at any time during a one-year period, from October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010. There is some demographic information available, but it does not appear to be publicly available. Trend data is available.

High School Graduation Rate (Percentage of Students Graduating On-Time), by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2011

	Number of Students in Cohort +/-				
	On Time and Early Graduates	Transfers	Graduation Rate (%)		
Maine Total	13152	15696	83.8%		
County					
Androscoggin	990	1253	79.0%		
Aroostook	701	823	85.2%		
Cumberland	2709	3174	85.3%		
Franklin	301	372	80.9%		
Hancock	594	717	82.8%		
Kennebec	1149	1371	83.8%		
Knox	316	369	85.6%		
Lincoln	528	619	85.3%		
Oxford	686	814	84.3%		
Penobscot	1751	2092	83.7%		
Piscataquis	191	235	81.3%		
Sagadahoc	394	431	91.4%		
Somerset	579	730	79.3%		
Waldo	253	293	86.3%		
Washington	313	392	79.8%		
York	1668	1981	84.2%		
Public Health District					
Aroostook	701	823	85.2%		
Central	1728	2101	82.2%		
Cumberland	2709	3174	85.3%		
Downeast	907	1109	81.8%		
Midcoast	1491	1712	87.1%		
Penquis	1942	2327	83.5%		
Western	1977	2439	81.1%		
York	1668	1981	84.2%		

Since 2009, graduation rates are calculated by adding on-time graduates (those graduating four years after entering ninth grade) and early graduates (those graduating in less that four years after entering ninth grade) and dividing by the number of students who entered 9th grade 4 years prior plus the number of transfers into the school minus, the number of transfers out of the school. Graduations rates include all public schools and all private schools that have 60% or more publicly funded students. County graduation rates use the aggregated numbers of high schools in each county, and may not reflect the residence of all students

High School Graduation Rate (Percentage of Students Graduating On-Time), by Selected Populations, Maine, 2011, Maine trends for 2009-2011, and US 2009

	On Time and Early Graduates	Number of Students in Cohort +/- Transfers	Graduation Rate (%)
Maine Total	13152	15696	83.8%
Gender			
Female	6579	7610	86.5%
Male	6573	8086	81.3%
Race	0373	0000	01.5/0
American Indian or Alaska Native, non-			
Hispanic	95	116	81.9%
Asian, non-Hispanic	179	196	91.3%
Black or African American, non-			76.9%
Hispanic	249	324	
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific	C	0	CC 7 0/
Islander, non-Hispanic	6	9	66.7%
White, non-Hispanic	12368	14761	83.8%
Multiple races, non-Hispanic	80	93	86.0%
Ethnicity			
Hispanic	175	202	86.6%
Free and Reduced Lunch			
Yes	5065	6971	72.7%
No	8087	8725	92.7%
Limited English Proficiency			
Yes	251	296	78.0%
No	12901	15840	83.9%
Special Education			
Yes	1828	2769	66.0%
No	11324	12927	87.6%
Year			
2009	13588	16901	80.4%
2010	13667	16504	82.8%
2011	13152	15696	83.8%
US comparison			
2009	N/A	N/A	75.5%

Since 2009, graduation rates are calculated by adding on-time graduates (those graduating four years after entering ninth grade) and early graduates (those graduating in less that four years after entering ninth grade) and dividing by the number of studetns who entered 9th grade 4 years prior plus the number of transfers into the school minus, the number of transfers out of the school.

Graduations rates include all public schools and all private schools that have 60% or more publicly funded students. County graduation rates use the aggregated numbers of high schools in each county, and may not reflect the residence of all students

The US comparison rate is taken from the National Center for Education Statisitcs. The reported rate for Maine at this site is 79.9%

Median Household Income, by County, Maine, and US, 2006-2010

	Median Income [*]	90% Margin of Error
Maine Total	\$46,933	± \$457
US	\$51,914	± \$89
County		
Androscoggin	\$44,470	± \$2,078
Aroostook	\$36,574	± \$1,110
Cumberland	\$55,658	± \$1,051
Franklin	\$39,831	± \$2,153
Hancock	\$47,533	± \$1,985
Kennebec	\$45,973	± \$1,677
Knox	\$45,264	± \$1,899
Lincoln	\$47,678	± \$2,752
Oxford	\$39,748	± \$1,543
Penobscot	\$42,658	± \$1,095
Piscataquis	\$34,016	± \$1,294
Sagadahoc	\$55,486	± \$1,568
Somerset	\$36,647	± \$1,119
Waldo	\$41,312	± \$1,559
Washington	\$34,859	± \$1,250
York	\$55,008	± \$1,025

^{*} In 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars.

Median incomes are weighted to be more representative of Maine households.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables B19013, B19013A-B19013I, and B19049

(http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/21/12).

[†] Householder: "One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed on line one of the [American Community] survey questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder." (Source: http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/SubjectDefinitions/2010_ACSSubjectDefinitions.pdf)

Median Household Income by Age, Race and Ethnicity, Maine, 2006-2010

	Median	90% Margin of Error
Maine Total	\$46,933	± \$457
Age of Householder [†]		
Under 25	\$26,999	± \$1,366
25-44	\$52,645	± \$805
45-64	\$56,734	± \$725
65+	\$29,733	± \$560
Race of Householder [†]		
White Alone	\$47,412	± \$459
Black or African American Alone	\$35,235	± \$6,289
American Indian or Alaska Native Alone	\$21,923	± \$6,654
Asian Alone	\$44,034	± \$3,919
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone	\$48,173	± \$33,569
Some Other Race Alone	\$38,341	± \$4,748
Two or More Races	\$29,092	± \$5,217
Ethnicity of Householder [†]		
White Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino	\$47,487	± \$461
Hispanic or Latino	\$35,167	± \$3,593

^{*} In 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars.

Median incomes are weighted to be more representative of Maine households.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder:

Tables B19013, B19013A-B19013I, and B19049 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/21/12).

[†] Householder: "One person in each household is designated as the householder. In most cases, this is the person, or one of the people, in whose name the home is owned, being bought, or rented and who is listed on line one of the [American Community] survey questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member 15 years old and over could be designated as the householder." (Source: http://www.census.gov/acs/www/Downloads/data_documentation/SubjectDefinitions/2010_ACSSubjectDefinitions.pdf)

Median Household Income by Year, Maine, 2005-2010

Year	Median Income	90% Margin of Error
2005*	\$42,801	± \$969
2006 [†]	\$43,439	± \$773
2007 [‡]	\$45,888	± \$710
2008 [§]	\$46,581	± \$892
2009	\$45,734	± \$935
2010 [¶]	\$45,815	± \$953

^{*} In 2005 inflation-adjusted dollars.

Note: "The methodology for calculating median income and median earnings changed between 2008 and 2009. Medians over \$75,000 were most likely affected. The underlying income and earning distribution now uses \$2,500 increments up to \$250,000 for households, non-family households, families, and individuals and employs a linear interpolation method for median calculations. Before 2009 the highest income category was \$200,000 for households, families and non-family households (\$100,000 for individuals) and portions of the income and earnings distribution contained intervals wider than \$2,500. Those cases used a Pareto Interpolation Method." (Source: American Community Survey, 2009. Table B19013)

Median incomes are weighted to be more representative of Maine households.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Table B19013 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/21/12).

[†] In 2006 inflation-adjusted dollars.

[‡] In 2007 inflation-adjusted dollars.

[§] In 2008 inflation-adjusted dollars.

In 2009 inflation-adjusted dollars.

[¶] In 2010 inflation-adjusted dollars.

Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English, People 5 Years Old and Over, by Race, Ethnicity, Age and Poverty Status, Maine, 2006-2010

	Speak a Languag	e Other than	English at Home	Speak English Less than Very Well		
	Single Year		90% Margin	Single Year		90% Margin
Demographic Groups	Estimated n	%	of Error	Estimated n	%	of Error
Maine Total	89,830	7.1	±0.1	21,945	1.7	±0.1
Race						
White Alone	71,599	5.9	NA	14,071	1.2	NA
Black or African American Alone	4,003	33.9	NA	2,495	21.1	NA
American Indian or Alaska Native Alone	1,348	20.2	NA	149	2.2	NA
Asian Alone	8,586	68.6	NA	3,906	31.2	NA
Native Hawaiian & Other Pacific Islander Alone	86	22.5	NA	26	6.8	NA
Some Other Race Alone	2,427	62.8	NA	918	23.8	NA
Two or More Races	1,781	10.4	NA	380	2.2	NA
Ethnicity						
White Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino	68,433	5.7	NA	13,276	1.1	NA
Hispanic or Latino	6,251	41.3	NA	1,966	13.0	NA
Age						
5-17	11,507	5.4	NA	3,030	1.4	NA
18-64	55,521	6.6	NA	12,975	1.5	NA
65+	22,802	11.2	NA	5,940	2.9	NA
Poverty Status [†]						
Below Federal Poverty Level	14,136	9.6	NA	NA	NA	NA
At or Above Federal Poverty Level	72,611	6.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
Education*						
Less than High School Graduate	14,792	15.5	NA	NA	NA	NA
High School Graduate (or Equivalent)	21,959	6.7	NA	NA	NA	NA
Some College or Associate's Degree	16,583	6.4	NA	NA	NA	NA
Bachelor's Degree or Higher	17,512	7.1	NA	NA	NA	NA

NA = Not Available.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables DP02, B16004, B16005A-B16005I, B16009, and B16010 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/29/12).

[†] Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined.

^{*} Limited to the population 25 years old and over.

Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English, People 5 Years Old and Over, Maine, 2005-2010

Year	Speak a Language Other than English at Home		Sp Less t			
real	Single Year Estimated n	%	90% Margin of Error	Single Year Estimated n	%	90% Margin of Error
2005	91,878	7.6	NA	23,773	2.0	NA
2006	96,732	7.7	NA	22,611	1.8	NA
2007	92,291	7.4	±0.4	23,267	1.9	±0.2
2008	88,900	7.1	±0.4	21,389	1.7	±0.2
2009	90,858	7.3	±0.4	23,197	1.9	±0.3
2010	84,052	6.7	±0.4	20,898	1.7	±0.2

NA = Not Available.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response. Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables DP02 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 4/2/12).

Language Spoken at Home and Ability to Speak English, People 5 Years Old and Over, by County and Public Health District, Maine, and US, 2006-2010

	Speak a Languag	e Other than E	inglish at Home	Speak English Less than Very Well		
	Single Year	0/	90% Margin	Single Year	0/	90% Margin
	Estimated n	%	of Error	Estimated n	%	of Error
Maine Total	89,830	7.1	±0.1	21,945	1.7	±0.1
U.S.	NA	20.1	±0.1	NA	8.7	±0.1
County						
Androscoggin	13,329	13.2	±0.7	3,538	3.5	±0.4
Aroostook	13,924	20.2	±0.9	2,349	3.4	±0.4
Cumberland	21,476	8.1	±0.4	7,185	2.7	±0.2
Franklin	1,087	3.7	±0.8	355	1.2	±0.3
Hancock	1,549	3.0	±0.5	302	0.6	±0.2
Kennebec	6,453	5.6	±0.5	1,425	1.2	±0.2
Knox	998	2.6	±0.5	145	0.4	±0.2
Lincoln	738	2.2	±0.5	123	0.4	±0.2
Oxford	2,118	3.9	±0.6	520	0.9	±0.2
Penobscot	7,418	5.1	±0.4	1,442	1.0	±0.2
Piscataquis	523	3.1	±0.7	139	0.8	±0.3
Sagadahoc	1,476	4.4	±0.7	211	0.6	±0.2
Somerset	2,090	4.2	±0.7	407	0.8	±0.2
Waldo	595	1.6	±0.3	128	0.3	±0.2
Washington	1,510	4.8	±0.5	276	0.9	±0.2
York	14,546	7.8	±0.4	3,400	1.8	±0.2
Public Health District						
Aroostook	13,924	20.2	±0.9	2,349	3.4	±0.4
Central	8,543	5.2	NA	1,832	1.1	NA
Cumberland	21,476	8.1	±0.4	7,185	2.7	±0.2
Downeast	3,059	3.7	NA	578	0.7	NA
Midcoast	3,807	2.7	NA	607	0.4	NA
Penquis	7,941	4.9	NA	1,581	1.0	NA
Western	16,534	8.9	NA	4,413	2.4	NA
York	14,546	7.8	±0.4	3,400	1.8	±0.2

NA = Not Available.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response.

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables DP02, B16004, B16005A-B16005I, B16009, and B16010 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/29/12).

^{*} Limited to the population 25 years old and over.

Older Adults Living Alone by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2010, Maine 2000, and US 2010

	65+ Year	Olds Living Alone
Demographic Groups	n	%
Maine 2010	62,937	29.8
Maine 2000	55,483	30.3
us	10,995,689	27.3
County		
Androscoggin	4,679	30.8
Aroostook	4,248	31.1
Cumberland	12,720	31.7
Franklin	1,474	28.6
Hancock	3,006	30.3
Kennebec	5,547	29.3
Knox	2,368	31.2
Lincoln	2,044	27.6
Oxford	2,722	27.7
Penobscot	6,643	29.9
Piscataquis	1,071	30.1
Sagadahoc	1,589	27.5
Somerset	2,415	28.3
Waldo	1,869	29.8
Washington	2,082	32.4
York	8,460	27.9
Public Health District		
Aroostook	4,248	31.1
Central	7,962	29.0
Cumberland	12,720	31.7
Downeast	5,088	31.1
Midcoast	7,870	29.1
Penquis	7,714	29.9
Western	8,875	29.4
York	8,460	27.9

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2010 Decennial Census. Data query from the American FactFinder: Table P34 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_dec.xhtml, accessed 4/12/12).

Poverty Status in the Past 12 Months, by County and Public Health District, Maine,

	Below the	Below the Federal Poverty Level				
	Single Year Estimated n	%	90% Margin of Error			
Maine Total		12.6	±0.3			
us	NA	13.8	±0.1			
County						
Androscoggin	14,772	14.3	±1.2			
Aroostook	10,927	15.4	±1.1			
Cumberland	28,399	10.5	±0.7			
Franklin	4,515	15.5	±2.3			
Hancock	6,059	11.5	±1.2			
Kennebec	14,851	12.5	±0.9			
Knox	4,931	12.5	±1.6			
Lincoln	3,712	10.8	±1.6			
Oxford	7,499	13.2	±1.3			
Penobscot	22,771	15.7	±0.9			
Piscataquis	2,834	16.2	±1.9			
Sagadahoc	3,139	8.8	±1.4			
Somerset	9,477	18.4	±1.4			
Waldo	5,577	14.6	±1.5			
Washington	6,412	19.8	±1.3			
York	16,483	8.5	±0.7			
Public Health District						
Aroostook	10,927	15.4	±1.1			
Central	24,328	14.3	NA			
Cumberland	28,399	10.5	±0.7			
Downeast	12,471	14.7	NA			
Midcoast	17,359	11.8	NA			
Penquis	25,605	15.7	NA			
Western	26,786	14.2	NA			
York	16,483	8.5	±0.7			

^{*} Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined.

NA = Not available.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response. Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables S1701 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/28/12).

[†] Limited to the population 25 years old and over.

Poverty Status^{*} in the Past 12 Months by Sex, Race, Ethnicity, Age and Education, Maine, 2006-2010

	Below the Federal Poverty Level				
	Single Year Estimated n	%	90% Margin of Error		
Total	162,358	12.6	±0.3		
Sex					
Male	69,889	11.1	±0.3		
Female	92,469	14.0	±0.4		
Race					
White Alone	146,354	11.8	±0.3		
Black or African American Alone	5,598	42.6	±5.1		
American Indian or Alaska Native Alone	2,362	35.9	±4.1		
Asian Alone	2,120	16.7	±3.7		
Native Hawaiian and Other Pacific Islander Alone	99	24.7	±13.6		
Some Other Race Alone	1,288	32.8	±8.1		
Two or More Races	4,537	24.3	±2.7		
Ethnicity					
White Alone, Not Hispanic or Latino	144,211	11.8	±0.3		
Hispanic or Latino (of Any Race)	4,113	25.5	±4.2		
Age					
Under 6	17,474	21.2	NA		
6-11	14,513	16.4	NA		
12-17	14,718	14.2	NA		
18-24	23,706	23.8	NA		
25-34	19,509	13.7	NA		
35-44	18,523	10.2	NA		
45-54	19,654	9.0	NA		
55-64	15,523	8.6	NA		
65-74	8,514	8.1	NA		
75+	10,224	11.3	NA		
Education [†]					
Less than High School Graduate	23,010	25.1	±0.9		
High School Graduate (or Equivalent)	38,302	11.9	±0.4		
Some College or Associate's Degree	21,658	8.4	±0.4		
Bachelor's Degree or Higher	8,977	3.7	±0.2		

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables S1701 and B17024 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/28/12).

NA = Not available.

All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response.

^{*} Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined.

[†] Limited to the population 25 years old and over.

Poverty Status^{*} in the Past 12 Months, by Year, Maine, 2005-2010

	Below the Federal Poverty Level				
Year	Single Year Estimated n	%	90% Margin of Error		
2005	160,627	12.6	±0.7		
2006	165,956	12.9	±0.7		
2007	154,224	12.0	±0.6		
2008	157,553	12.3	±0.6		
2009	157,685	12.3	±0.7		
2010	167,242	12.9	±0.6		

^{*} Poverty status during the last 12 months; reported only for the population for whom poverty status was determined. All percentages are weighted to be more representative of the population of Maine and to adjust for non-response. Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey. Data query from the American FactFinder: Table S1701 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_acs.xhtml, accessed 3/28/12).

Single Parent Families, by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2010

	Families with Own Children Under 18 Years				
	that are Headed by a Household	er without a Spouse Present [*]			
	number	%			
Maine Total	48,466	34.2			
us	NA	32.1			
County					
Androscoggin	5,007	40.9			
Aroostook	2,489	34.6			
Cumberland	9,357	30.1			
Franklin	1,136	36.8			
Hancock	1,824	33.8			
Kennebec	4,749	36.2			
Knox	1,419	35.5			
Lincoln	1,147	34.0			
Oxford	2,362	38.4			
Penobscot	5,554	35.0			
Piscataquis	601	36.2			
Sagadahoc	1,336	34.0			
Somerset	2,098	37.8			
Waldo	1,403	34.4			
Washington	1,275	38.8			
York	6,709	30.8			
Public Health District					
Aroostook	2,489	34.6			
Central	6,847	36.7			
Cumberland	9,357	30.1			
Downeast	3,099	35.7			
Midcoast	5,305	34.5			
Penquis	6,155	35.1			
Western	8,505	39.6			
York	6,709	30.8			

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census. Data query from the American FactFinder: Table P38 (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_dec.xhtml, accessed 4/17/12). NA = not available

^{* &}quot;'Families' consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couples are included in the families category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to 'unmarried partner.'" 'Householder without a spouse present' is defined as a male householder without a wife present or a female householder without a husband present. (Source: Table P38)

Single Parent Famililes, by Year, Maine, 2000 and 2010

	Families with Own Children Under 18 Years that are Headed by a Householder without a Spouse Present*			
Year	number	%		
2000	44,558	28.3		
2010	48,466	34.2		

Data Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census. Data query from the American FactFinder: Tables P034 (2000) and P38 (2010) (http://factfinder2.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/wc_dec.xhtml, accessed 4/17/12).

^{* &}quot;'Families' consist of a householder and one or more other people related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. They do not include same-sex married couples even if the marriage was performed in a state issuing marriage certificates for same-sex couples. Same-sex couples are included in the families category if there is at least one additional person related to the householder by birth or adoption. Responses of "same-sex spouse" were edited during processing to 'unmarried partner.'" 'Householder without a spouse present' is defined as a male householder without a wife present or a female householder without a husband present. (Source: Table P38)

Average Annual Labor Force Statistics, by County and Public Health District, Maine, 2011

	Civilian Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate	
Maine	704,078	651,038	53,040	7.5%	
United States	NA	NA	NA	8.9%	
County					
Androscoggin	58,281	53,889	4,392	7.5%	
Aroostook	34,542	31,266	3,276	9.5%	
Cumberland	159,436	149,870	9,566	6.0%	
Franklin	14,280	12,931	1,349	9.4%	
Hancock	30,159	27,561	2,598	8.6%	
Kennebec	64,071	59,501	4,570	7.1%	
Knox	20,901	19,430	1,471	7.0%	
Lincoln	18,307	17,008	1,299	7.1%	
Oxford	28,680	25,912	2,768	9.7%	
Penobscot	78,770	72,377	6,393	8.1%	
Piscataquis	7,471	6,691	780	10.4%	
Sagadahoc	19,114	17,858	1,256	6.6%	
Somerset	24,936	22,353	2,583	10.4%	
Waldo	19,521	17,884	1,637	8.4%	
Washington	14,497	12,949	1,548	10.7%	
York	111,121	103,562	7,559	6.8%	
Public Health District					
Aroostook	58,281	53,889	4,392	7.5%	
Central	89007	81854	7153	8.0%	
Cumberland	159,436	149,870	9,566	6.0%	
Downeast	44656	40510	4146	9.3%	
Midcoast	77843	72180	5663	7.3%	
Penquis	86241	79068	7173	8.3%	
Western	101241	92732	8509	8.4%	
York	111,121	103,562	7,559	6.8%	

Data Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment consists of all persons who, during the reference week (the calendar week including the twelfth day of the month), (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployment consists of all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed. The civilian labor force consists of all persons classified as employed or unemployed

Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls. BLS obtains estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older, which is the universe for labor force data, from the Census Bureau. These population estimates are used to adjust labor force level (that is, number-of-person) measures to be consistent with the Census Bureau's most up-to-date information on the distribution of population across states. Labor force level measures are controlled to the Census Bureau's statewide estimates of civilian noninstitutional population ages Data for race and ethnicity is preliminary. Items may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. Detail for race and Hispanic or Latino groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented and Hispanics are included in the White and Black or African American groups.

Labor Force Status by Gender & Age, Maine 2011

	Civilian Non- Institutional Population	Civilian Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labor Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
Maine Total	1,066,000	691,000	636,000	56,000	64.8%	59.6%	8.0%
Sex							
Men	515,000	356,000	324,000	32,000	69.1%	62.9%	9.0%
Women	551,000	335,000	312,000	23,000	60.8%	56.6%	7.0%
Age							
16-19	69,000	33,000	26,000	7,000	47.7%	37.9%	20.5%
20-24	89,000	67,000	56,000	10,000	76.3%	63.9%	16.2%
25-34	140,000	114,000	104,000	10,000	81.8%	74.8%	8.5%
35-44	159,000	134,000	126,000	8,000	84.6%	79.2%	6.3%
45-54	220,000	181,000	168,000	12,000	82.2%	76.8%	6.6%
55-64	189,000	121,000	114,000	5,000	63.9%	61.0%	4.6%
65+	203,000	42,000	39,000	3,000	20.6%	19.5%	5.5%

Data Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment consists of all persons who, during the reference week (the calendar week including the twelfth day of the month), (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployment consists of all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

The civilian labor force consists of all persons classified as employed or unemployed

Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls. BLS obtains estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older, which is the universe for labor force data, from the Census Bureau. These population estimates are used to adjust labor force level (that is, number-of-person) measures to be consistent with the Census Bureau's most up-to-date information on the distribution of population across states. Labor force level measures are controlled to the Census Bureau's statewide estimates of civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older. Estimates are not revised to reflect updated Census population controls in April 2012.

Labor Force Status by Educational Attainment & Race, Maine 2010, 2011

	Civilian Non- Institutional Population	Civilian Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Labor Force Participation Rate	Employment to Population Ratio	Unemployment Rate
Maine Total	1,066,000	691,000	636,000	56,000	64.8%	59.6%	8.0%
Educational Attainment (2010	Average)						
No Diploma	95,000	34,000	28,000	5,000	35.4%	30.0%	15.4%
HS Diploma	314,000	190,000	173,000	17,000	60.6%	55.2%	8.9%
Associate's/ Some College	240,000	166,000	155,000	11,000	69.2%	64.7%	6.4%
Bachelor's+	262,000	201,000	195,000	7,000	76.8%	74.2%	3.4%
Race* (2011 Average)							
White	1,030,000	667,000	616,000	51,000	64.7%	59.8%	7.6%
Black	11,000	7,000	6,000	1,000	68.4%	57.7%	15.7%

Data Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment consists of all persons who, during the reference week (the calendar week including the twelfth day of the month), (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

Unemployment consists of all persons who had no employment during the reference week, were available for work, except for temporary illness, and had made specific efforts to find employment some time during the 4-week period ending with the reference week. Persons who were waiting to be recalled to a job from which they had been laid off need not have been looking for work to be classified as unemployed.

The civilian labor force consists of all persons classified as employed or unemployed

Data incorporate updated Census 2000-based population controls. BLS obtains estimates of the civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older, which is the universe for labor force data, from the Census Bureau. These population estimates are used to adjust labor force level (that is, number-of-person) measures to be consistent with the Census Bureau's most up-to-date information on the distribution of population across states. Labor force level measures are controlled to the Census Bureau's statewide estimates of civilian noninstitutional population ages 16 and older. Estimates are not revised to reflect updated Census population controls in April 2012.

Data for race and ethnicity is preliminary. Items may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for demographic groups are not shown when they do not meet BLS publication standards of reliability for the particular area based on the sample in that area. Detail for race groups will not add to totals because data for the "other races" group are not presented.

Annual Employment and Unemployment, Maine, 2000-2011

Year	Civilian Labor Force	Employed	Unemployed	Unemployment Rate (%)
2000	672,440	650,385	22,055	3.3
2001	675,981	650,699	25,282	3.7
2002	680,569	650,943	29,626	4.4
2003	684,689	650,458	34,231	5.0
2004	685,534	653,847	31,687	4.6
2005	692,327	658,507	33,820	4.9
2006	698,527	665,856	32,671	4.7
2007	699,206	666,305	32,901	4.7
2008	702,862	665,057	37,805	5.4
2009	698,401	641,189	57,212	8.2
2010	700,568	643,244	57,324	8.2
2011	704,078	651,038	53,040	7.5

Data Source: US Bureau of Labor Statistics

Employment consists of all persons who, during the reference week (the calendar week including the twelfth day of the month), (a) did any work at all (at least 1 hour) as paid employees, worked in their own business or profession or on their own farm, or worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family, or (b) were not working but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of vacation, illness, bad weather, childcare problems, maternity or paternity leave, labor-management dispute, job training, or other family or personal reasons, whether or not they were paid for the time off or were seeking other jobs.

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